**UNIT 5. GRAMMAR: RELATIVE CLAUSES. EXERCISES.**

**1. Complete the sentences with a relative pronoun.**

1. The first video game -/which/that I ever played was called Racer.
2. I like talking to people who play the same games as me.
3. This is the café where my friends meet in the evenings.
4. Amy started her blog one day when she was on holiday.
5. The friend whose tablet I borrowed is away on holiday.
6. The woman -/who/that you met at the party was my sister.
7. Her boyfriend, whose parents live in Perth, is delighted.
8. The flat -/which/that I bought recently isn’t far from theirs.

2. Join the sentences.

1. I’ve met the man. His wife died in a car accident.

I’ve met the man whose wife died in a car accident.

1. We finally went to Denmark. We had always wanted to go there.

We finally went to Denmark, where we had always wanted to go.

1. My friend David is studying Chemistry. His mother is a teacher.

My friend David , whose mother is a teacher, is studying chemistry.

1. The horse kept stopping to eat the grass. I was on the horse.

The horse where I was on, kept stopping to eat the grass.

1. The red ford car was found two miles from the Bank. It was used by the bandits in the robbery.

The red Ford car that was used by the bandits in the robbery was found two miles from the bank.

1. The population of London is now falling. London was once the largest city in the world.

The population of London, which it was once the largest city in the world, is falling.

1. Romeo and Juliet were lovers. Their parents hated each other.

Romeo and Juliet, whose parents hated each other, were lovers.

1. The patient would like to speak to you. His file is on the desk.

The patient whose file is in the desk would like to speak to you.

1. The town of Kingston is very clean. We live there for a few years.

The town of Kingston, where we lived for a few years, is very clean

1. My aunt is having a 50th birthday party. She lives quite near us.

My aunt who lives quite near us, is having a 50th birthday party.

1. The roof is being repaired. It was damaged in the storm.

The roof which it was damaged by the storm, is being repaired.

1. The writer published his second novel last year. He was only twenty years old then.

The writer published his second novel last year when he was only twenty years old.

1. My father has a lot of extra work. His boss is ill at the moment.

My father whose boss is ill at the moment has a lot of extra work.

1. I love the old house. I grew up there.

I love the old house where I grew up.

1. Gareth is an exciting designer. His work is very modern.

Gareth, whose work is very modern, is an exiting designer.

1. I remember the summer. I met you then.

I remember the summer when I met you.

1. Nobody understood the problems. I tried to solve them.

Nobody understood the problems that I tried to solve them.

1. It’s a very special place. People can relax there.

It’s a very special place where people can relax.

1. I didn’t enjoy the work. The work was quite boring.

I didn’t enjoy the work which was quite boring.

1. I’ve still got a bit of money. I’m going to spend it on a new video game.

I’ve still got a bit of money which I’m going to spned on a new video game.